Araneidae of Buxa Tiger Reserve, West Bengal

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Abstract This paper deals with 5 araneid species from Buxa Tiger Reserve, West Bengal, of which *Neoscona raydakensis* is described as new to science. Other species, *Argiope pulchella* THORELL, *Gasteracantha diadesmia* THORELL, *Gasteracantha kuhli* C. L. KOCH and *Neoscona pavida* (SIMON) are reported as new from Buxa forest.

Further scanning of spiders of Buxa Tiger Reserve (SAHA, BISWAS & RAYCHAUDHURI, 1994) reveals the existence of 5 araneid species from the area of survey. These include a new species, *Neoscona raydakensis*. Rest of the species are new record from the area of survey. Materials are now in the deposition of Entomology Laboratory, Department of Zoology, Calcutta University.

Abbreviation: B.T.R.: Buxa Tiger Reserve.

Argiope pulchella THORELL

Argiope pulchella Thorell, 1881, Ann. Mus. civ. Stor. nat. Genova, 18: 74; Tikader, 1982, Fauna of India, Spiders: Araneae: Araneidae, pt. 1, Zool. Surv. India, Calcutta: 129–131.

Material examined. 5° , 5. IV. 1993, South Raydak, B.T.R., Jalpaiguri, West Bengal.

Gasteracantha diadesmia Thorell

Gasteracantha diadesmia Thorell, 1887, Ann. Mus. civ. Stor. nat. Genova, 25: 225; Tikader, 1982, Fauna of India, Spiders: Aranae: Araneidae, pt. 1, Zool. Surv. India, Calcutta: 61–63.

Material examined. 1, 5. IV. 1993, South Raydak, B.T.R., Jalpaiguri, West Bengal.

Gasteracantha kuhli С. L. Kocн

Gasteracantha kuhlii C. L. Koch, 1838, Die Arachniden, 4: 20; TIKADER, 1982, Fauna of India, Spiders: Araneae: Araneidae, pt. 1, Zool. Surv. India, Calcutta: 59-61.

Material examined. 3♀, 6. IV. 1993, South Raydak, B.T.R., Jalpaiguri, West

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Bengal.

Neoscona pavida (SIMON)

Araneus pavidus Simon, 1906, Ann. Soc. ent. Fr., 75: 309.

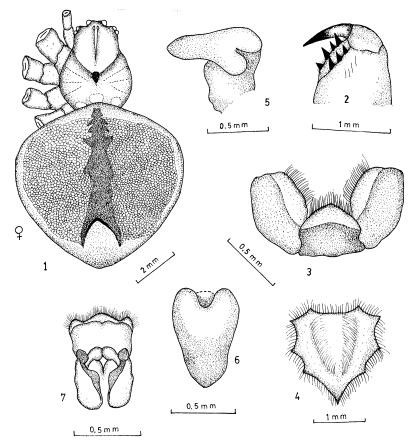
Neoscona pavida: TIKADER, 1982, Fauna of India, Spiders: Araneade: Araneidae, pt. 1, Zool. Surv. India, Calcutta: 276-277.

Material examined. 19, 5. IV. 1993, South Raydak, B.T.R., Jalpaiguri, West Bengal.

Neoscona raydakensis n. sp.

(Figs. 1-8)

Description. Female (holotype). Measurements (in mm): body length 7.4;



Figs. 1-7. Neoscona raydakensis n. sp., female holotype.—1. Whole body. 2. Chelicerae. 3. Maxillae and labium. 4. Sternum. 5. Epigyne (lateral view). 6. Epigyne (ventral view). 7. Internal genitalia.

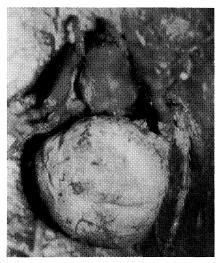


Fig. 8. *Neoscona raydakensis* n. sp., female holotype (body length 7.4 mm).

Leg	Femur	Patella & Tibia	Metatarsus	Tarsus	Total
I	2.2	1.2	1.4	3.5	8.3
II	2.4	1.3	2.3	3.1	9.1
Ш	1.8	0.7	1.1	1.4	5.0
IV	2.6	1.1	1.8	2.8	8.3

Table 1. Length of legs of \mathcal{P} holotype of *Neoscona raydakensis* n. sp. (in mm).

carapace length 2.5; carapace width 2.1; abdomen length 4.9; abdomen width 4.9; legs as in Table 1.

Cephalothorax brown, posteriorly a little paler, oval, longer than wide, posteriorly broad and with fine silky pubescence; cervical furrows deep and distinct; cephalic region raised; posteriorly with deep fovea; radii distinct extending up to the margin. Eyes pearly white with circular black bands, anterior row of eyes strongly recurved, anteromedians raised and connected, posterior row of eyes nearly straight, lateral eyes of both the rows closely placed; ocular quad posteriorly narrowing. Chelicerae dark brown, robust, inner margin with 3 and outer margin with 4 teeth, of these, teeth on outer margin alternately larger; maxillae and labium pale-brown, distally more paler or whitish, maxillae anteriorly broad and scopulate; labium wide at middle, anteriorly narrowing and scopulate; sternum typically heart-shaped, with spines and pubescence. Legs pale brown, with dark brown bands; leg formula 2143.

Abdomen white, subtriangular, overhanging the cephalothorax, with brown long band, reticulate (Fig. 1); dorsal hairs small, spiny, arising from reddish sockets; epigyne and internal genitalia as in Figs. 5–7.

Remarks. Having abdomen subtriangular, weakly constricted epigynal scape and cephalic region without any V-shaped patch, the present species appears to be the closest ally of Neoscona rumpfi (Thorell) (Tikader, 1982). It however stands distinct in the morphology of epigynum and internal genitalia. Further, abdomen and cephalothorax in particular are not decorated as in N. rumpfi. It may also be related to Neoscona mukerjei Tikader because of the simili in the dorsal decoration of abdomen besides epigyne. But evident median constriction in the epigyne separates it from that of N. mukerjei.

Etymology. Species has been named after the type locality.

Material examined. Holotype: 9, 6. IV. 1993, South Raydak, B.T.R., Jalpaiguri, West Bengal.

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